been employed by defendant Paragon Systems, Inc., dba Parasys, Inc. and/or Does 1 through 100,
inclusive (collectively "Paragon" and/or "Defendant"), in any non-exempt security guard position(s)
within the State of California, at any time between September 28, 2005 and the present
Representative Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the Class Members, also seeks injunctive relief and
restitution of all benefits Paragon has enjoyed from its unfair, unlawful, and/or fraudulent business
practices under Business and Professions Code §§ 17200-17208.

2. The "Class Period" is designated as the time from September 28, 2005 through the trial date and is based upon the allegation that Defendant's violations of California's wage and hour laws, as described more fully below, have been ongoing during that time. During the Class Period, Paragon has had a consistent policy of (1) unlawfully denying Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members statutorily-mandated meal and rest periods, (2) willfully failing to pay compensation owed to the Representative Plaintiff and Class Members in a timely manner, including compensation owed to Class Members whose employment with Paragon has been terminated, and (3) willfully failing to provide Plaintiff and the Class Members with accurate semimonthly itemized wage statements.

INTRODUCTION

- 3. The Representative Plaintiff is informed and believes and, based thereon, alleges that, within the Class Period, defendant Paragon has held contracts with various clients, including the United States Government, for the placement of Defendant's non-exempt security guards at facilities within the State of California. In so doing, Paragon has employed hundreds of individuals in non-exempt security guard positions in recent years alone to work at locations within the State of California.
- 4. Despite actual knowledge of these facts and California's legal mandates, Paragon has enjoyed an advantage over its competition and imposed a resultant disadvantage upon its workers by electing not to pay its security guards all wages to which they are entitled, not providing them with statutorily-mandated duty-free and uninterrupted meal and rest periods, and not providing accurate and complete semimonthly itemized wage statements.

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- 5. Representative Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that officers of Paragon knew of these facts and legal mandates, yet, nonetheless, repeatedly authorized and/or ratified the violation of the laws cited herein.
- 6. Despite Defendant's knowledge of the Plaintiff Class' entitlement to unpaid wages, meal and/or rest periods for all applicable work periods, Paragon failed to provide same to members of the Plaintiff Class, in violation of the California Labor Code, Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Order No. 4 and Title 8 of the California Code of Regulations. This action is brought to redress and end this long-time pattern of unlawful conduct.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 7. This Court has jurisdiction over the Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members' claims for unpaid wages, expenses and/or penalties under, *inter alia*, Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Order No. 4 and Title 8 of the California Code of Regulations, Labor Code §§ 200-204, inclusive, 226, 226.7, 510, 512, 1174, 1194, 1197 and 1198.
- 8. This Court also has jurisdiction over the Representative Plaintiff's and Class Members' claims for injunctive relief, and restitution of ill-gotten benefits arising from Defendant's unfair, unlawful and/or fraudulent business practices under Business & Professions Code § 17200, et seq.
- 9. Venue as to defendant Paragon is proper in this judicial district, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 395(a) and/or § 395.5. Defendant Paragon holds contracts in the County of Los Angeles, transacts business, has agents, and is otherwise within this Court's jurisdiction for purpose of service of process. The unlawful acts alleged herein have a direct effect on the Representative Plaintiff and those similarly situated within the State of California and within the County of Los Angeles. Defendant operates facilities and has employed numerous Class Members in the County of Los Angeles, as well as in other counties within the State of California.

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PLAINTIFFS

- 10. During the time period relevant herein, Schweinsburg is/was a natural person employed by Paragon in a non-exempt security guard position which was entitled and continues to enjoy an entitlement to various conditions of employment, including meal and rest periods.
- 11. In said position, Schweinsburg was required to work and did work, during the Class Period, shifts exceeding five hours without uninterrupted, unrestricted meal periods of not less than thirty minutes.
- 12. In said position, Schweinsburg was required to work and did work four hours or a major fraction thereof without being afforded a net ten minute rest period.
- 13. Representative Plaintiff is informed and believes and, on that basis, alleges that this conduct of Paragon is/was commonplace at every California facility at which Paragon's security employees worked on its behalf.
- 14. As used throughout this Complaint, the terms "Class Members" and/or the "Plaintiff Class" refer to the named plaintiff herein as well as each and every person eligible for membership in the Plaintiff Class, as further described and defined below.
- 15. At all times relevant herein, Representative Plaintiff was/is a person within the Plaintiff Class further described and defined herein.
- 16. Representative Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and as a class action, pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 382, on behalf of all persons similarly situated and proximately damaged by the unlawful conduct described herein.

DEFENDANTS

- 17. At all times relevant herein, defendant Paragon Systems, Inc., dba Parasys, Inc., was and is a business entity, duly licensed, located and doing business in, but not limited to, the County of Los Angeles, in the State of California.
- 18. Representative Plaintiff is informed and believes and, based thereon, alleges that defendant Paragon directly or indirectly employs and, since September 28, 2005, has employed and/or exercised control over the wages, hours and/or working conditions of Representative Plaintiff

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and the Class Members within various California counties, including, but not necessarily limited to, the County of Los Angeles.

- 19. Those defendants identified as Does 1 through 100, inclusive, are and were, at all relevant times herein-mentioned, officers, directors, partners, and/or managing agents of some/each of the remaining defendants. The Representative Plaintiff is informed and believes and, on that basis, alleges that, at all times herein relevant, each of the defendants identified as Does 1 through 100, inclusive, employed and/or exercised control over the wages, hours and/or working conditions of Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members at various California locations, as identified in the preceding paragraph.
- 20. Representative Plaintiff is unaware of the true names and capacities of those defendants sued herein as Does 1 through 100, inclusive and, therefore, sues these defendants by such fictitious names. Representative Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend this Complaint when same are ascertained. Representative Plaintiff is informed and believes and, on that basis, alleges that each of the fictitiously-named defendants is responsible in some manner for, gave consent to, ratified and/or authorized the conduct herein alleged, and that Representative Plaintiff's and the Class Members' damages, as herein alleged, were proximately caused thereby.
- 21. The Representative Plaintiff is informed and believes and, on that basis, alleges that, at all times herein relevant, each of the defendants was and/or is the agent and/or employee of each of the remaining defendants and, in doing the acts herein alleged, was acting within the course and scope of such agency and/or employment.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

22. Representative Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and as a class action on behalf of the following Plaintiff Class:

> All persons who were employed by Paragon Systems, Inc., dba Parasys, Inc., in any non-exempt security guard positions within the State of California, at any time between September 28, 2005 and the present.

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	23.	Defendant, its officers and directors, are excluded from the Plaintiff Class.
	24.	This action has been brought and may be properly maintained as a class action under
Code o	f Civil	Procedure \S 382 because there is a well-defined community of interest in the litigation
and the	propo	ed Class is easily ascertainable.
	a. <u>Commonality</u> : Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members shar community of interests in that there are numerous common questions issues of fact and law which predominate over any questions and issues so affecting individual members, including, but not necessarily limited to:	
		i. whether Paragon violated Labor Code §§ 201-204 by failing to pay all wages due and owed at the time that Class Members' employment

1.	whether Paragon violated Labor Code §§ 201-204 by failing to pay all
	wages due and owed at the time that Class Members' employment
	with Defendant terminated;

- ii. whether the Representative Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to "waiting time" penalties, pursuant to Labor Code §§ 203 and/or 204:
- iii. whether Paragon violated Labor Code § 226 by failing to provide accurate semimonthly itemized wage statements to Class Members of the total hours worked by each and all applicable hourly rates in effect during each relevant pay period;
- iv. whether Paragon violated Labor Code § 226.7 by failing to consistently provide duty free rest periods to its employees;
- whether Paragon violated Labor Code § 512 by failing to consistently v. provide meal periods to its employees;
- vi. whether Paragon violated Labor Code § 1174 by failing to keep accurate records of employees' hours of work;
- vii. whether Paragon violated Labor Code § 1197 by failing to compensate the Representative Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class for all hours worked at the applicable minimum wage;
- viii. whether Paragon violated Business and Professions Code §§ 17200, et seq. by engaging in unfair, unlawful and/or fraudulent business practices.
- Typicality: The Representative Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of b. the Plaintiff Class. Representative Plaintiff and all members of the Plaintiff Class sustained damages arising out of and caused by Defendant's common course of conduct in violation of law, as alleged herein.
- Numerosity: A class action is the only available method for the fair and c. efficient adjudication of this controversy. The members of the Plaintiff Class are so numerous that joinder of all members is impractical, if not impossible, insofar as the Representative Plaintiff is informed and believes and, on that basis, alleges that the total number of Class Members is, at least, in the hundreds and, possibly, thousands of individuals. Membership in the Class

SCOTT COLE & ASSOCIATES, APC ATTORNEYS AT LAW THE WACHOVIA TOWER	1970 EROADWAY, NLNTH FLOOK OAKLAND, CA 94612 TEL: (510) 891-9800
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will be determine	d by and upon	analysis of	employee	and payrol	ll records,
among other recor	rds maintained	by Paragon		1 7	ĺ

- d. Adequacy of Representation: The Representative Plaintiff in this class action is an adequate representative of the Plaintiff Class, in that the Representative Plaintiff's claims are typical of those of the Plaintiff Class and the Representative Plaintiff has the same interests in the litigation of this case as the Class Members. The Representative Plaintiff is committed to vigorous prosecution of this case and has retained competent counsel, experienced in conducting litigation of this nature. The Representative Plaintiff is not subject to any individual defenses unique from those conceivably applicable to the Plaintiff Class as a whole. The Representative Plaintiff anticipates no management difficulties in this litigation.
- e. Superiority of Class Action: Since the damages suffered by individual Class Members, while not inconsequential, may be relatively small, the expense and burden of individual litigation by each member makes or may make it impractical for members of the Plaintiff Class to seek redress individually for the wrongful conduct alleged herein. Should separate actions be brought or be required to be brought by each individual member of the Plaintiff Class, the resulting multiplicity of lawsuits would cause undue hardship and expense for the Court and the litigants. The prosecution of separate actions would also create a risk of inconsistent rulings, which might be dispositive of the interests of other Class Members who are not parties to the adjudications and/or may substantially impede their ability to adequately protect their interests.

COMMON FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 25. Paragon has, for years, knowingly failed to properly compensate the Class Members for all unpaid wages due and owed to them. Paragon has failed to provide them with net ten minute rest periods for work shifts exceeding four hours or a major fraction thereof, and has failed to provide uninterrupted, unrestricted meal periods of not less than thirty minutes for work shifts exceeding five hours.
- 26. Even upon termination or resignation of the employment of various Class Members, Paragon has declined to fully compensate these employees, in violation of Labor Code §§ 201-203. More than thirty days has passed since certain Class Members have left Defendant's employ.
- 27. Paragon also failed to provide Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members with accurate semimonthly itemized wage statements of the total number of hours worked by each and all applicable hourly rates in effect during each relevant pay period, in violation of California Labor Code § 226. In so doing, Paragon has not only failed to pay its workers the full amount of compensation due, it has, until now, effectively shielded itself from its employees' scrutiny for its

As a direct and proximate result of Paragon's unlawful conduct, as set forth herein, Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members have sustained damages, as described above, including loss of earnings for uncompensated meal and rest periods on behalf of Defendant, in an amount to be established at trial. As a further direct and proximate result of Defendant's unlawful conduct, as set forth herein, Representative Plaintiff and other Class Members are entitled to recover penalties/wages (pursuant to California Labor Code § 203), and Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members are entitled to recover penalties for failure to provide accurate semimonthly statements (pursuant to Labor Code § 226), in an amount to be established at trial. As a further direct and proximate result of Defendant's unlawful conduct, as set forth herein, Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members are also entitled to recover costs and attorneys' fees and restitution of ill-gotten gains, pursuant to statute.

FAILURE TO PROVIDE MEAL AND/OR REST PERIODS (California Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512)

- 29. Representative Plaintiff incorporates in this cause of action each and every allegation of the preceding paragraphs, with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.
- 30. At all relevant times, Defendant was aware of and was under a duty to comply with California Labor Code §§ 226.7 and 512.
 - 31. California Labor Code § 226.7 provides:
 - (a) No employer shall require any employee to work during any meal or rest period mandated by an applicable order of the Industrial Welfare Commission.
 - (b) If an employer fails to provide an employee a meal period or rest period in accordance with an applicable order of the Industrial Welfare Commission, the employer shall pay the employee one additional hour of pay at the employee's regular rate of compensation for each work day that the meal or rest period is not provided.

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32. California Labor Code § 512 provides:

> An employer may not employ an employee for a work period of more than five hours per day without providing the employee with a meal period of not less than 30 minutes, except that if the total work period per day of the employee is no more than six hours, the meal period may be waived by mutual consent of both the employer and employee. An employer may not employ an employee for a work period of more than 10 hours per day without providing the employee with a second meal period of not less than 30 minutes, except that if the total hours worked is no more than 12 hours, the second meal period may be waived by mutual consent of the employer and the employee only if the first meal period was not waived.

- 33. By failing to consistently provide uninterrupted and unrestricted meal periods and to provide uninterrupted rest periods to its non-exempt security personnel, Defendant violated California Labor Code §§ 226.7 and/or 512, and §§ 11 and 12 of the applicable IWC Wage Order.
- 34. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's unlawful conduct, as set forth herein, Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members have sustained damages, including loss of compensation/wages, in an amount to be established at trial. As a further direct and proximate result of Defendant's unlawful conduct, as set forth herein, the Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members are entitled to recover various penalties, in an amount to be established at trial, as well as costs and attorneys' fees, pursuant to statute.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION FAILURE TO PROVIDE ACCURATE ITEMIZED WAGE STATEMENTS (California Labor Code §§ 226 and 1174)

- 35. Representative Plaintiff incorporates in this cause of action each and every allegation of the preceding paragraphs, with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.
 - 36. California Labor Code § 226(a) provides:

Each employer shall semimonthly, or at the time of each payment of wages, furnish each of his or her employees either as a detachable part of the check, draft or voucher paying the employee's wages, or separately when wages are paid by personal check or cash, an itemized wage statement in writing showing: (1) gross wages earned; (2) total number of hours worked by each employee whose compensation is based on an hourly wage; (3) all deductions; provided, that all deductions made on written orders of the employee may be aggregated and shown as one item; (4) net wages earned; (5) the inclusive date of the period for which the employee is paid; (6) the name of the employee and his or her social security number; and

	(/) the name and address of the legal entity which is the employer.		
:	37. The IWC Wage Order also establishes this requirement in § 7(B) thereof (8 Cal. Code		
	Regs. § 11010 et seq.).		
	38. Moreover, California Labor Code § 226(e) provides:		
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,	initial pay period in which a violation occurs and one hundred dollars (\$100) per employee for each violation in a subsequent pay period, not exceeding an aggregate penalty of four thousand dollars (\$4,000),		
;			
9	39. Finally, California Labor Code § 1174 provides:		
10	Every person employing labor in this state shall: (d) Keep, at a central location in the state payroll records showing the hours worked daily		
1	by and the wages paid to employees These records shall be kept in accordance with rules established for this purpose by the		
12	commission, but in any case shall be kept on file for not less than two years.		
13	years.		
14	40. Representative Plaintiff seeks to recover actual damages, costs and attorneys' fees		
1:	under this section on behalf of himself and the Class Members.		
10	41. Defendant failed to provide timely, accurate itemized wage statements to		
17	Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members in accordance with Labor Code § 226(a) and the		
18	applicable IWC Wage Order. None of the statements provided by Defendant has accurately reflected		
19	actual gross wages earned, net wages earned, or the appropriate deductions for Class Members.		
. 20	42. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's unlawful conduct, as set forth herein,		
21	Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members are entitled to recover penalties, in an amount to be		
22	established at trial, as well as costs and attorneys' fees, pursuant to statute.		
23			
24	THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION		
25	FAILURE TO PAY WAGES DUE (California Labor Code §§ 203-204, 510 and 1198)		
26	43. Representative Plaintiff incorporates in this cause of action each and every allegation		
27	of the preceding paragraphs, with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.		
28	44. California Labor Code § 203 provides, in part:		

If an employer willfully fails to pay, without abatement or reduction, in accordance with Sections 201, 201.5, 202, and 205.5, any wages of an employee who is discharged or who quits, the wages of the employee shall continue as a penalty from the due date thereof at the same rate until paid or until an action therefor is commenced; but the wages shall not continue for more than 30 days.

45. California Labor Code § 204 provides, in part:

Labor performed between the 1st and 15th days, inclusive, of any calendar month shall be paid for between the 16th and the 26th day of the month during which the labor was performed, and labor performed between the 16th and the last day, inclusive, of any calendar month, shall be paid for between the 1st and 10th day of the following month.

46. California Labor Code § 510 provides, in part:

Any work in excess of eight hours in one workday and any work in excess of 40 hours in any one workweek and the first eight hours worked on the seventh day or work in any one workweek shall be compensated at the rate of no less than one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for an employee....

47. California Labor Code § 1198 provides:

The maximum hours of work and the standard conditions of labor fixed by the commission shall be the maximum hours of work and the standard conditions of labor for employees. The employment of any employee for longer hours than those fixed by the order or under conditions of labor prohibited by the order is unlawful.

- 48. Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members were employed by Defendant during the Class Period and did not receive all wages owed in the time dictated by Labor Code § 204. Moreover, certain class members voluntarily or involuntarily severed employment with Paragon, yet were not paid timely wages due immediately upon the involuntary termination or within seventy-two hours of the voluntary termination of their respective employment positions therewith. Said non-payment and/or untimely payment was the direct and proximate result of a willful refusal to do so by Defendant.
- 49. More than thirty days has elapsed since Representative Plaintiff and certain Class Members were terminated and/or resigned from the Defendant's employ.
- 50. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's willful conduct in failing to pay said Class Members for all hours worked, Representative Plaintiff and certain Class Members are entitled

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to recover penalties of thirty days' wages, pursuant to California Labor Code § 203, in an amount to be established at trial, together with attorneys' fees and costs.

- 51. During the Class Period, Representative Plaintiff and Class Members were employed by and did perform work for Paragon, often times in excess of eight hours in a workday and/or forty hours in a workweek. The precise number of hours will be proven at trial.
- 52. During said time period, Defendant refused and/or failed to compensate Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members for some and/or all of wages earned, in violation of the California Labor Code and the applicable IWC Wage Order.
- 53. By refusing to compensate Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members for all wages earned, Defendant violated those California Labor Code and the applicable IWC Wage Order provisions, cited herein.
- 54. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's unlawful conduct, as set forth herein, Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members have sustained damages, including loss of earnings for hours of overtime worked on behalf of Defendant, in an amount to be established at trial.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION UNFAIR BUSINESS PRACTICES UNDER THE UNFAIR COMPETITION ACT (California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200-17208)

- 55. Representative Plaintiff incorporates in this cause of action each and every allegation of the preceding paragraphs, with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.
- 56. Representative Plaintiff further brings this cause of action under California's Unfair Competition Law, seeking equitable and statutory relief to stop the misconduct of Defendant, as complained of herein, and to compel the payment of restitution by Defendant as a result of the unfair, unlawful, and/or fraudulent business practices described herein.
- 57. The knowing conduct of Defendant, as alleged herein, constitutes an unlawful and/or fraudulent business practice, as set forth in California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200-17208. Specifically, Defendant conducted business activities while failing to comply with the legal mandates cited herein.

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- 58. Defendant's knowing failure to adopt policies in accordance with and/or adhere to these laws, all of which are binding upon and burdensome to Defendant's competitors, provides Defendant with an unfair competitive advantage, thereby constituting an unfair business practice, as set forth in California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200-17208.
- 59. Defendant has clearly established a policy of accepting a certain amount of collateral damage, as represented by the damages to Representative Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class herein alleged, as incidental to its business operations, rather than accept the alternative costs of full compliance with fair, lawful and honest business practices ordinarily borne by responsible competitors of Defendant and as set forth in legislation and the judicial record.
- 60. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's unlawful conduct, as set forth herein, Defendant has been unjustly enriched in an amount equaling or exceeding the amount of damages, penalties, interest, fees and costs payable to the Representative Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class herein. Representative Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class are entitled to restitution of all of Defendant's ill-gotten gains, according to proof, and to injunctive relief to halt Defendant's unfair, unlawful and/or fraudulent business practices.

RELIEF SOUGHT

WHEREFORE, the Representative Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the proposed Plaintiff Class, prays for judgment and the following specific relief against Defendants, and each of them, jointly and separately, as follows:

- For an Order certifying the proposed Plaintiff Class and/or any other appropriate a. subclass(es) under Code of Civil Procedure § 382;
- b. That Defendant is found to have violated provisions of the Labor Code as to the Representative Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class;
- c. That Defendant is found to have violated Labor Code §§ 226.7 and/or 512 for willful failure to provide meal and/or rest periods and the relevant Sections of the applicable IWC Wage Order to pay wages for these violations;
 - d. That Defendant is found to have violated California Labor Code §§ 201, 203, 204 510

	and 1176 for winter failure to pay an compensation owed meridaing that which is owed at the time
2	of termination or within 72 hours of resignation of employment to particular Class Members;
3	e. That Defendant is found to have violated the record keeping provisions of Labor Code
4	§§ 226(a) and 1174(d) and § 7 of the applicable Wage Order as to the Representative Plaintiff and
5	Class Members and for willful failure to provide accurate semimonthly itemized wage statements
6	thereto;
7	f. That Defendant is found to have violated California Labor Code § 1197 for failure
8	to pay the applicable minimum wage to the Class Members;
9	g. That Defendant is found to have violated Business & Professions Code § 17200, et
10	seq. by, inter alia, failing to pay the Representative Plaintiff and the Class Members all
11	compensation for meal and/or rest periods denied, and by failing to pay penalties to particular Class
12	Members;
13	h. That the Court make an award to the Representative Plaintiff and the Plaintiff Class
14	of damages in the amount of unpaid compensation, including interest thereon, and penalties, in an
15	amount to be proven at trial;
16	i. That Defendant be ordered and enjoined to pay restitution to the Representative
17	Plaintiff and the Class Members due to Defendant's unlawful activities, pursuant to Business &
18	Professions Code §§ 17200-08, et seq.;
19	j. That Defendant further be enjoined to cease and desist from unlawful activities in
20	violation of Business & Professions Code § 17200, et seq.;
21	k. For all other Orders, findings and determinations identified and sought in this
22	Complaint;
23	1. For interest on the amount of any and all economic losses, at the prevailing legal rate;
24	m. For reasonable attorneys' fees, pursuant to statute;
25	n. For costs of suit and any and all such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.
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1	Dated: September 28, 2009	
2	Se	COTT COLE & ASSOCIATES, APC
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4	By:	evin R. Allen. Esq.
5	A	evin R. Allen, Esq. ttorneys for the Representative Plaintiff nd the Plaintiff Class
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